

CD8 a (M163D) Mouse mAb

CatalogNo: AH0003

•Main information

Target	CD8
Reactivity	Human
Applications	IHC,IF,ELISA
MW (kDa)	26kD (Calculated) 35kD (Observed)
Host Species	Mouse
Isotype	IgG2b,Kappa

•Recommended Dilutions

IHC	1:200-400
IF	1:200-1:1000
ELISA	1:500-5000 Note: For IHC, we suggest antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0 (Cat#RH0011)

•Detailed information

Specificity	The antibody can specifically recognize human CD8 protein, including two types of dimer: $\alpha\beta$ heterodimer or $\alpha\alpha$ homodimer.
Storage	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C, Ship by ice bag)
Formulation	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from ascites by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Number	M163D

•Target Information

Gene name	CD8A MAL
Protein Name	alpha polypeptide (p32);CD_antigen=CD8a;CD8;CD8 antigen alpha polypeptide;CD8 antigen alpha polypeptide;(p32);CD8 antigen, alpha polypeptide (p32);CD8a;CD8A antigen;CD8A molecule;CD8A_HUMAN;Leu2;Leu2 T lymphocyte antigen;Ly 2;Ly 35;Ly B;Ly2;Ly3;Ly35;LyB;Lyt 2.1 lymphocyte differentiation antigen (AA at 100);LYT3;MAL;OKT8 T cell antigen;OTTHUMP00000160760;OTTHUMP00000160764;OTTHUMP00000203528;OTTHUMP00000203721;p32;T cell antigen Leu2;T cell co receptor;T lymphocyte differentiation antigen T8/Leu 2;T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain;T-cell surface glycoprotein Lyt 2;T-lymphocyte differentiation antigen T8/Leu-2;T8 T cell antigen;T8/Leu-2 T-lymphocyte differentiation antigen

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	925 ;	P01732 ;

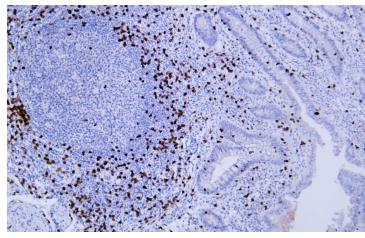
Cellular Localization	Membranous
------------------------------	------------

Tissue specificity Tonsil/ Appendix

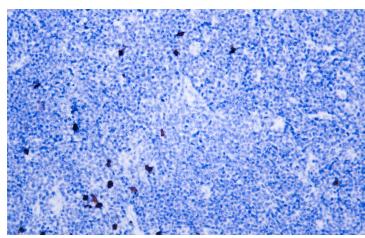
Function

Disease: Defects in CD8A are a cause of familial CD8 deficiency (CD8 deficiency) [MIM:608957]. Familial CD8 deficiency is a novel autosomal recessive immunologic defect characterized by absence of CD8+ cells, leading to recurrent bacterial infections. Function: Identifies cytotoxic/suppressor T-cells that interact with MHC class I bearing targets. CD8 is thought to play a role in the process of T-cell mediated killing. CD8 alpha chains binds to class I MHC molecules alpha-3 domains. online information: CD8 entry, online information: CD8A mutation db, PTM: All of the five most carboxyl-terminal cysteines form inter-chain disulfide bonds in dimers and higher multimers, while the four N-terminal cysteines do not. similarity: Contains 1 Ig-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain. subunit: In general heterodimer of an alpha and a beta chain linked by two disulfide bonds. Can also form homodimers. Shown to be expressed as heterdimer on thymocytes and as homodimer on peripheral blood T-lymphocytes. Interacts with the MHC class I HLA-A/B2M dimer. Interacts with LCK in a zinc-dependent manner.

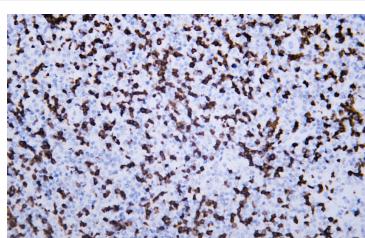
•Validation Data



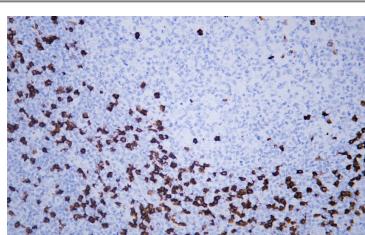
Human appendix tissue was stained with Anti-CD8 Antibody



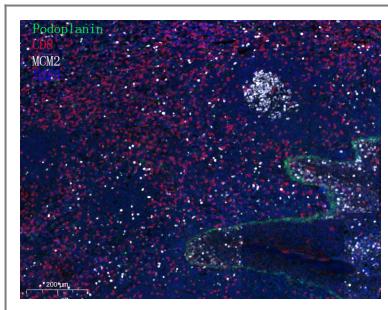
Human burkitt lymphoma tissue was stained with Anti-CD8 Antibody



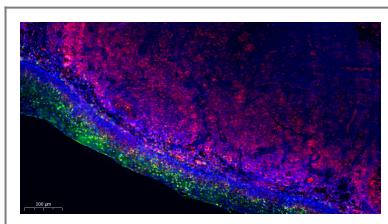
Human lymphoma tissue was stained with Anti-CD8 Antibody



Human tonsil tissue was stained with Anti-CD8 Antibody



Fluorescence multiplex immunohistochemical analysis of Human tonsil tissue (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded section). Merged staining of Anti-Podoplanin , Anti-CD8 , Anti-MCM2 . The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® MAX instrument with an Sextuple-Fluorescence kit . The section was incubated in 3 rounds of staining; sequentially for Anti-Podoplanin , Anti-CD8 , Anti-MCM2 .; each using a separate fluorescent tyramide signal amplification system. EDTA based antigen retrieval (Leica Biosystems BOND® Epitope Retrieval Solution 2, pH 9.0, 20 minutes) was used in between rounds of tyramide signal amplification to remove the antibody from the previous round, to avoid any cross-reactivity. DAPI (dark blue) was used as a nuclear counter stain. Microscopy and pseudocoloring of individual dyes was performed using a Slideviewer Imaging System (3D histech).



Fluorescence multiplex immunohistochemical analysis of human tonsil tissue (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded section). The immunostaining was performed by Sextuple-Fluorescence kit .Myeloperoxidase(MPO) mouse mAb(RED) and CD8 Mouse mAb(GREEN) was tested with different TSA Fluorescence regent. Microscopy and pseudocoloring of individual dyes was performed using a Slideviewer Imaging System (Excilone).

•Contact information

Orders: order@lamarck.cn
Support: support@lamarck.cn
Telephone: 400-801-6722
Website: <http://www.Lamarck.com>
Address: All rights reserved ©2025 Lamarck.



Please scan the QR code to access additional product information:
**CD8 a (M163D)
Mouse mAb**

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

[Antibody](#) | [ELISA Kits](#) | [Protein](#) | [Reagents](#)